## 6.2 Demographic Characteristics

Table 8 summarizes the demographic characteristics of all patients that were entered in the study. The study was composed of 107 adults (89.9%) and 12 pediatric (10.1%) SeraSeal treated patients, with an age range of 20 days to 92 years old and a mean of 52.12 years. The patients enrolled in the three surgical groups: cardiovascular, orthopedic and general surgery, no significant difference with gender (P=0.1096), significant difference in age between the 3 surgical groups (P=0.018), but no significant difference in age and gender in each surgical group (P=0.5842).

**Table 8 Demographic Characteristics** 

	Treatment Group							
Demographic	Ad	lult	Pediatric (n=12)					
Characteristic	(n=	107)						
Sex	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>M</u>	F				
	56 (52.3%)	51 (47.7%)	6 (50.0%)	6 (50.0%)				
Age (yrs)								
0-2	<u>-</u>		2 (16.7%)	3 (25.0%)				
2-10	-		3 (25.0%)	0 (0.0%)				
11-17			1 (8.3%)	3 (25.0%)				
18-20	3 (2.8%)	1 (0.9%)	-	-				
21-30	3 (2.8%)	3 (2.8%)						
31-40	9 (8.4%)	9 (8.2%)		386				
41-50	8 (7.5%)	3 (2.8%)	<u> </u>					
51-60	12 (11.2%)	5 (4.6%)						
61-70	8 (7.5%)	12 (11.0%)		_				
71-80	5 (4.7%)	15 (13.8%)						
81-90	7 (6.5%)	2 (1.8%)		-				
91-92	1 (0.9%)	1 (0.9%)	=					
Weight (lb)	(n=56)	(n=51)	(n=6)	(n=6)				
$mean \pm SD$	$157.25 \pm 20.73$	$138.20 \pm 15.66$	$52.00 \pm 34.76$	$72.00 \pm 38.72$				
Range	110-202	112-172	4-99	15-110				
Height (in)	(n=56)	(n=51)	(n=6)	(n=6)				
mean ± SD	$66.7 \pm 2.47$	$62.35 \pm 2.25$	$42.71 \pm 13.30$	$47.00 \pm 16.93$				
Range	67.71	58-67	16-54	23-63				
Vital Ciana	Plond I	Dwaganna	Dulac	Data				
Vital Signs Normal	<u>D1000 I</u>	Pressure	ruise	Rate				
Male	12 (5	1.2%)	16 (5	2 30%)				
Female		8.8%)	46 (52.3%) 42 (47.7%)					
Abnormal	40 (4	0.0/0)	42 (4	1.170)				
Abnormai Male	14 (5	6.0%)	10.65	2.6%)				
				Name and American Control of the Con				
Female	11 (4	4.0%)	9 (47.4%)					

Laboratory	<b>Blood Level</b>	<b>Clotting Time</b>
Normal		
Male	51 (57.3%)	40 (74.1%)
Female	38 (42.7%)	14 (25.9%)
Abnormal		
Male	5 (27.8%)	16 (30.2%)
Female	13 (72.2%)	37 (69.8%)

Ref: Demographic Data, section 12.2.3, page 100.

# 7. Efficacy Evaluation

# 7.1 Data Sets Analyzed

#### 71.1 Number and Distribution of Patients

A total of 238 patients participated in this study at 5 centers. All of the centers were in Lima, Peru. There were no withdrawl of patients. The number of patients from each study center and by treatment group is shown in Table 9.

Table 9 Number in Each Enrolled (E) Group and Who Completed (C) Surgical Treatment at Each Center

		<b>Treatment Group</b>					
		Ser	aSeal	Cauter	ization		
Center No.	Site	E	C*	E	C		
~ 1	Edgardo Rebagliati Martins National Hospital	65	65	65	65		
2	Guillermo Almenara National Hospital	13	13	13	13		
3	Jose Casimiro Ulloa Emergency Hospital	6	6	6	6		
4	FAP-Peruvian Air Force Hospital	20	20	20	20		
5	Military Hospital of Peru	3	3	3	3		

<sup>\*</sup> Completed treatment is defined as no other surgical modality to control bleeding at the targeted surgical site(s).

Ref: Individual Patient Data Listing, section 12.4, page 119.

### 7.2 Demographic and Other Baseline Characteristics

Table 10 summarizes baseline characteristics regarding the treatment group.

**Table 10 Baseline Characteristics** 

	Treatment Group							
<b>Baseline Characteristics</b>	Adult (	N=107)	Pediatric (N=12)					
	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	$\mathbf{\underline{M}}$	É				
	56 (52.3%)	51 (46.8%)	6 (50%)	6 (50%)				
Pre-Op Mean (SD)								
HBG (g/dl)	$13.90\pm1.56$	$12.43\pm1.02$	$15.02\pm1.83$	$14.62\pm0.46$				
HCT (%)	$41.58\pm4.71$	$36.56\pm5.66$	46.37±2.71	$43.72\pm1.16$				
PT (sec)	$11.58\pm0.22$	$11.68 \pm 0.26$	$11.68\pm0.19$	$11.42\pm0.17$				
PTT (sec)	$34.56\pm12.91$	$32.26\pm12.54$	32.26±12.54	$23.67\pm0.82$				
Anticoagulant Therapy (Heparin) Number	16 (13.4%)	12 (10.1%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)				
Dose (U/Kg) Mean (SD)	303.1±112.1	248.9±110.8	0.00	0.0				
Associated Illness								
Arterial Hypertension	16 (13.4%)	11 (9.2%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)				
Diabetes Mellitas	3 (2.5%)	2 (1.7%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)				
Depression	3 (2.5%)	8 (6.7%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)				
Targeted Organ								
heart	15 (5	.9%)	0 (0.0%)					
arteries	22 (8.9%)		0 (0.0%)					
brain	4 (1.6%)		0 (0.0%)					
vertebra		1%)	0 (0.0%)					
thyroid	2 (0.	8%)	0 (0.	.0%)				
oral		2%)	0 (0.0%)					
parotid	the state of the s	4%)	0 (0.0%)					
sinuses	2 (0.	Action of the second se	0 (0.	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR				
radical neck	5 (2.	INDEX.DECEMBER 16 CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF THE ADD	3 (1.					
leg amputation		4%)		4%)				
hip	2 (0.		0 (0.	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE				
femur	2 (0.		0 (0.	The state of the s				
liver		5.3%)	1 (0.					
spleen	6 (2.		0 (0.	Market Committee of the				
gastro	22 (8	AND RESIDENCE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF TH	3 (1.	AND RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T				
pancreas	3 (1.		0 (0.	And the second s				
gall bladder	8 (3.		0 (0.0%)					
breast	1 (0.4%)		0 (0.0%)					
ovary	1 (0.4%)		0 (0.0%)					
skin-muscle	Commence of the second	3.5%)	0 (0.0%)					
lung	The same of the sa	4%)	0 (0.	AND AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF				
tongue		4%)	0 (0.					
bone	31 (12	Compa-Replace Commission Commissi	4(1.	HOLD SANDERS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF				

Ref. Individual Patient Data Listing, section 12.4.

### 7.3 Efficacy Results and Tabulation of Individual Patient Data

## 7.3.1 Analysis of Efficacy

The primary efficacy measurement defined by the protocol stated that at specified bleeding sites, known for moderate to severe blood loss, SeraSeal would achieve hemostasis 25% faster than cauterization in 90% of the total surgical cases.

The time to hemostasis ranged from 0.03-10 minutes, with a mean of 1.59 minutes for SeraSeal, compared to a 2-90 minute range for cauterization, with a mean of 31.22 minutes, statistical significance (P<0.0001) and nearly 20 times faster for clot formation over the control, Table 11. Children treated with SeraSeal significantly achieved hemostasis sooner than children in the control group, with a mean 1.77 minute clotting time compared to a mean 51.69 minutes (P<0.0001). Significant time to hemostasis was also observed in SeraSeal treated heparinized patients with a mean 0.72 min. ( $\pm 0.29$ ) compared to a mean 10.00 min ( $\pm 8.10$ ) in heparinized patients treated by cauterization (P<0.0001). In every SeraSeal surgical case, hemostasis occurred after only one application of the hemostatic agent.

A secondary efficacy measurement was blood loss. The mean blood loss for SeraSeal treated patients was 184.30 ml, with a range of 1-2,000 ml, compared to a mean of 583.19 ml and a 100-3,000 ml range in the cauterization treatment group with a statistical significance of (P<0.001). The mean blood loss in SeraSeal treated children was 42.92 ml ( $\pm$ 70.60) significantly less compared to a mean 329.17 ml ( $\pm$ 219.98) children treated in the control group (P=0.0003). There was significant less blood loss in SeraSeal treated heparinized patients, with a mean 347.20 ml ( $\pm$ 141.38) to a mean 720.00 ml ( $\pm$ 272.34) in heparinized subjects treated by standard surgical methods.

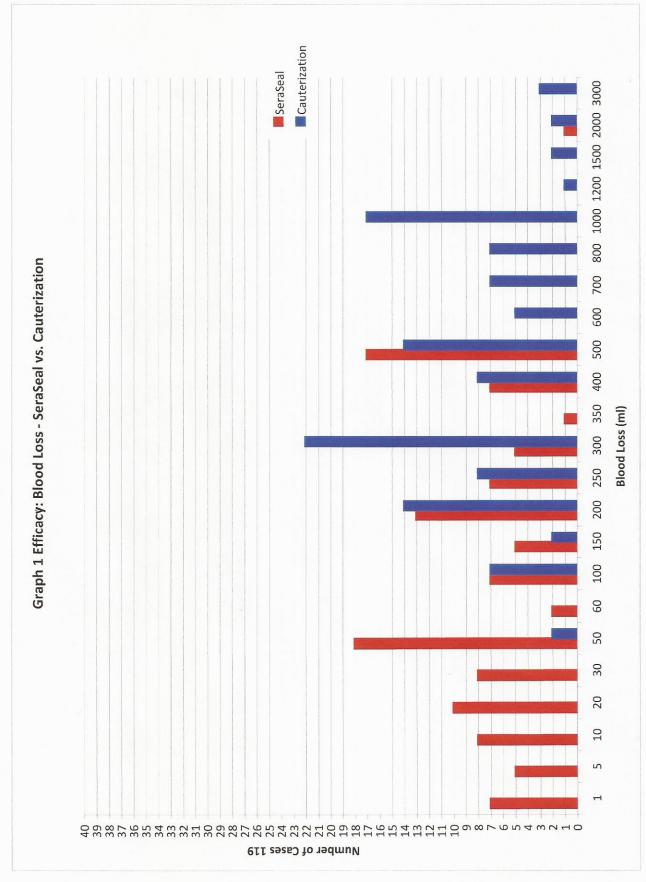
Twenty six patients (24.4%) were on Heparin, with 14 men having a mean dosage of 302.86 U/Kg and 248.91 U for 11 women. There was no significant difference between the two groups (P=0.2320). The mean Heparin dosage was 279.12 U/Kg ( $\pm 110.21$ ). Comparing normal treated patients to Heparin treated patients, the mean SeraSeal dosage was 4,039 IU and 5,076 IU, respectively, statistically significant between the two groups (P=0.0156).

There were no therapeutic breaks of SeraSeal to cauterization, achieving 100% success in obtaining hemostasis greater than 25% faster than the employment of cauterization.

Table 11 Efficacy of Seraseal vs. Cauterization

Primary Efficacy		Seras	Seal			Cauteri	zation	ď k
Total Time to Hemostasis								
(min)								
n		1.	19		119			
mean	1.59					31.	.22	
SD (±)	2.32					19.	.72	
range		0.03	- 10			2 –	- 90	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Blood Loss (ml)								
mean			0.66			222220000	5.63	
SD (±)		245	5.29			200000000000000000000000000000000000000	7.64	
range		0-2,	,000			50-30	0,000	
Time to Hemostasis of								
Adult and Pediatric and		Ser	aSeal			Cauter	ization	
by Gender (min)								
	Ad	ult	Pedi	atric	Ad	ult	Pedi	atric
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
n	56	51	6	7	56	51	6	6
mean	1.69	1.44	1.33	2.14	28.66	28.82	48.33	54.57
SD (±)	2.64	2.21	0.82	1.34	17.48	17.96	20.41	28.98
range	0.03-10	0.03-10	1-3	1-5	2-60	5-60	10-60	20-90
Total Time to Hemostasis		C	C1			C		
of Heparin Patients (min)		Sera	Seai			Cauteriz	zation	
n		24				24		
mean		0.7	3		10.42			
SD (±)		0.29				8.1	3	
range		0.03	-1			2 – 3	35	
Time to Hemostasis of								
Heparin Patients by		Sera	Seal			Cauteria	zation	
Gender (min)								
	$\mathbb{N}$	1	<u>F</u>		M		<u>F</u>	2
n	14	4	10					C
mean	0.7	75	0.70	)	10.3	6	10.50	
SD (±)	0.3	32	0.26	j	10.00		4.97	
range	0.03	3-1	0.5-	1	2-35 5-20			20
Secondary Efficacy		Sera	Seal			Cauteri	zation	
Total Blood Loss (ml)								
n		119	9			119		
mean		184.			583.19			
SD (±)		243.			541.63			
range		1 - 2,	000			100 - 3	3,000	
Blood Loss of Normal		Sara	Soal			Cauteri	ization	
Patients by Gender (ml)	SeraSeal							
		lult	Pedi			lult		atric
	M	<u>F</u> 51	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	$\underline{M}$	<u>F</u> 51	$\frac{M}{6}$	<u>F</u> 6
n	56		6		56		The second secon	
mean	216.23	184.96	75.00	70.83	653.57	546.60	375.00	283.33
SD (±)	299.61	183.85	92.03	4.92	635.24	472.30	311.05	68.31
range	1-2,000	1-500	10-250	5-50	50- 3,000	50- 2,000	250-400	200-40

Total Blood Loss of		\$	SeraSeal			Cau	terizati	on
Heparin Patients (ml)								
n		24			24			
mean			370.00				766.67	
SD (±)			133.97				251.37	10
range			30 - 500				0 - 1,20	
Blood Loss of Heparin			SeraSeal			Cau	iterizati	on
Patients by Gender (ml)		M		F		M		F
n		14		г 10		14		10
mean		378.57		358.00		771.43		760.00
SD (±)		110.44		167.25		249.39		267.50
range		200-500		30500		500-1,200		300-1,000
Number of SeraSeal								
Applications	12							
No. Application/No. Case		Adult		<u>-</u> 2177	Pediatric			
		M		F		M		F
		(n=56)		(n=51)		(n=6)		(n=6)
1	2	(3.6%)	-	(0.0%)	-	(0.0%)	-	(0.0%)
2	10	(17.9%)	13	(25.55)	2	(33.3%)	2	(33.3%)
3	22	(39.3%)	24	(47.0%)	2	(33.3%)	1	(16.7%)
4	9	(16.1%)	7	(13.7%)	2	(33.3%)	-	(0.0%)
5	7	(12.5%)	6	(11.8%)	-	(0.0%)	1	(16.7%)
6	2	(3.6%)	1	(2.0%)	-	(0.0%)	2	(33.3%)
7	3	(5.4%)	-	(0.0%)	-	(0.0%)	-	(0.0%)
8	-	(0.0%)	-	(0.0%)	-	(0.0%)	-	(0.0%)
9	-	(0.0%)	-	(0.0%)	-	(0.0%)	-	(0.0%)
10	1	(1.8%)	-	(0.0%)	-	(0.0%)	-	(0.0%)
10								



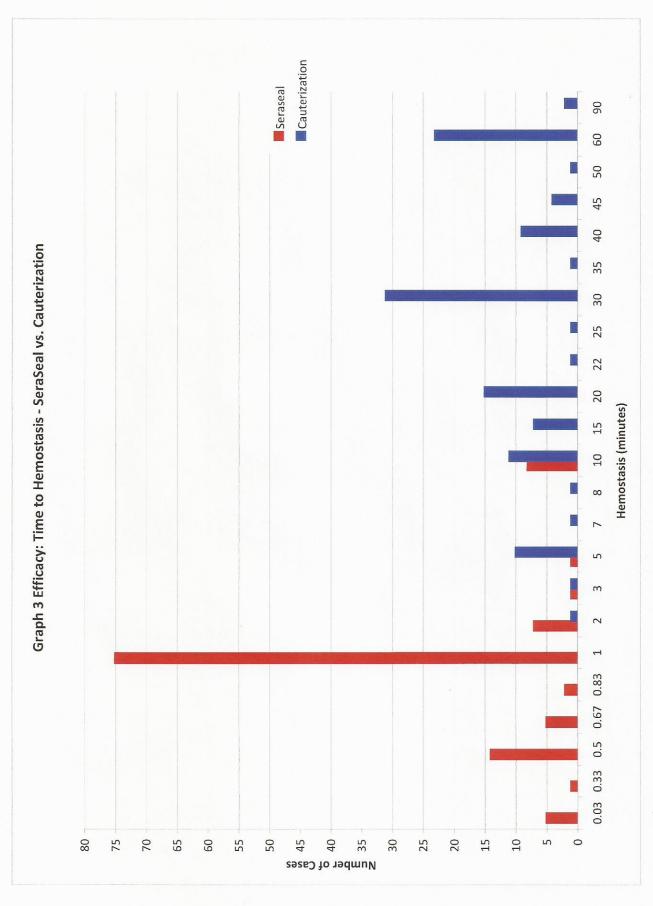


Table 12 Heparin Patients Treated by SeraSeal vs. Cauterization

	Treatment Group					
Hemostasis (min)	Ser	aSeal	Cauterization			
	n	%	n	%		
0.03	1	4.17	0	0.00		
0.5	11	45.83	0	0.00		
1	12	50.00	0	0.00		
2	0	0.00	1	4.17		
3	0	0.00	1	4.17		
5	0	0.00	8	33.33		
7	0	0.00	1	4.17		
8	0	0.00	1	4.17		
10	0	0.00	6	25.00		
15	0	0.00	3	12.5		
20	0	0.00	1	4.17		
30	0	0.00	1	4.17		
35	0	0.00	1	4.17		

Ref: Efficacy Response Data Listing by Dosage, section 12.2.7, page 114.

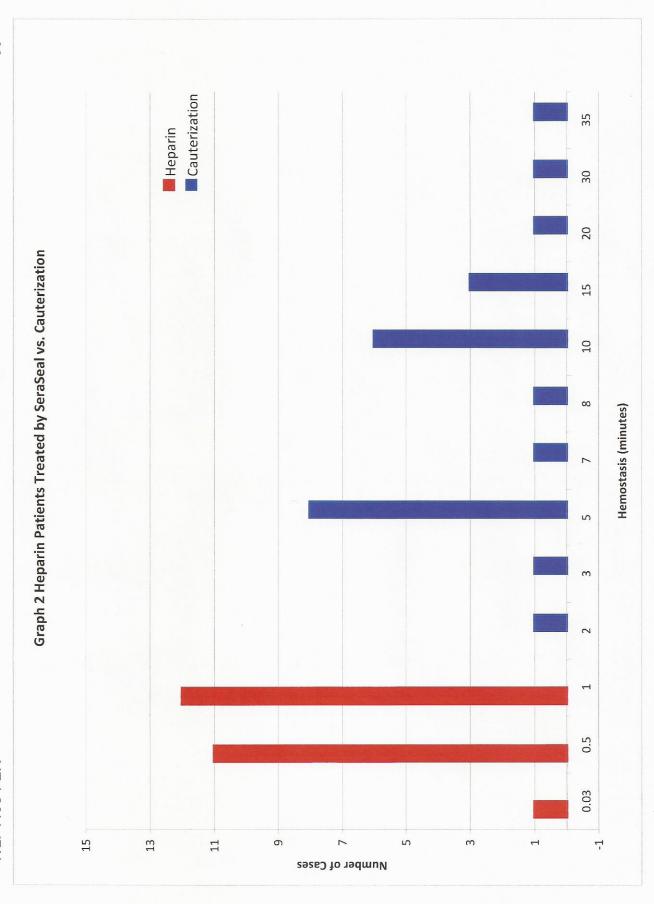


Table 13 SeraSeal Treated Normal Patients vs. SeraSeal Treated Heparinized Patients

	Treatment Group					
Hemostasis (min)	Norma	nl (n=95)	Heparin (n=24)			
	n	%	n	%		
0.03	3	3.16	1	4.17		
0.33	2	2.10	0	0.00		
0.5	3	3.16	11	45.83		
0.67	5	5.26	0	0.00		
0.83	2	2.10	0	0.00		
1	64	67.37	12	50.00		
2	7	7.37	0	0.00		
3	1	1.05	0	0.00		
10	8	8.42	0	0.00		

Ref: Efficacy Response Data Listing by Dosage, section 12.2.7, page 114.

